



Anderson Record

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Mary Riley Collection

The Hudson Berry Chapter of the DAR was bequeathed the correspondence and papers of the Ms. **Mary Riley**, an avid researcher and genealogist for over 50 years. She was the Registrar for the Hudson Berry Chapter NSDAR and helped many ladies and gentlemen join lineage societies. The chapter looked for a suitable place to house her collection of materials so that the public could have access to all her research and found the Drake Library at the Belton Museum under the direction of Mrs. **Margaret Cole**. This vast collection has now been contributed to the Research Room.

Ms. Mary Riley was the secretary of the Gaines Family Association so she had all the notes and correspondence of that far-reaching family. She collected original obituaries and abstracts of various deeds & wills, early cemetery readings, notes on various local churches and old newspaper articles on the town of Anderson and its people, and there are many composition books with her handwritten research notes. It will take a great deal of work cataloging to make ready for researching. Included in the collection was an original draft of the book about the descendants of Hudson Berry, Revolutionary soldier of Anderson and Greenville counties and notes on the families associated with **Hudson Berry**.

Would anyone like to volunteer to scan and enter the material into a database? Your help would be most helpful. If you can help, please call Carolyn at the Research Center.

CEMETERY SIGNS APPROVED

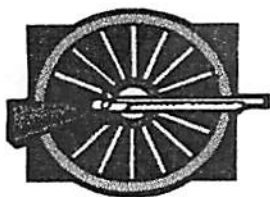
Harley Feltman, Cemetery chairman, has reported on the information that he gathered for putting signage on approximately forty abandoned cemeteries in Anderson County. The state department will print the signs for \$45-\$65 per sign. They would be installing them and then sending the chapter a bill. The signs would have the name of the church or family and the established date and be made of durable material that would last a minimum of twenty years unless damaged.

Harley explained that State Representative **Larry Martin** had submitted a bill for fencing, cleanup, and signage for abandoned cemeteries. It was approved, however, no money was appropriated due to the economic woes. So, it has been left up to others to take up the cause. Carolyn Cummings noted that Old Pendleton District has decided on a project similar to this one.

Philip Cheney made a motion to pay for forty signs. **Carolyn Cummings** seconded the motion. After some discussion, **Jamey Wentzky** amended the motion to do five signs at a time up to forty signs. Philip seconded the motion. The motion carried.

INDEX

Mary Riley Collection	17
Pearson's Civil War Diary	18
Chas. Busha's Confederate Soldiers	21
By The Way...	27



DIARY OF REVEREND WILLIAM FRANKLIN PEARSON,
Confederate Chaplain
(Found among the papers of Mary Riley)

"I consented to become the chaplain of 2nd Regt. of Rifles commanded by **Col. Moon**, the last of April. And accordingly entered upon the discharge of my duties of said office the first of May 1862. I joined the Regt. at Camp Gladden on Toogoloo(sic) River in Colleton District of SC.

It was a new kind of work & I had great fears I would not be able to discharge the duties but after spending some weeks with the Regt. I found it more encouraging than I supposed. The soldiers turned out well & I thought good could be done among them.

On the 26 of May our Regt. was ordered to Va. & on that day we left for camp. Took the cars at Adams Run & went that night to Charleston. At that place I left them to go home on a furlough of two weeks.

On June 11th I took leave of friends & went to the Village & next day took the cars for the camp in Va. I reached Richmond on the Sabbath evening after a tiresome & troublesome journey of 4 days. I found it very troublesome to get my horse transported on the cars.

I went on to the camp near Richmond that night after a hard rain & found a goodly number sick from colds. On my way here I took a severe cold which settled in my throat & I was troubled with bronchitis. The Dr. cauterized my throat 6 times. I still did not improve. On Sat. I was sent to Surgeon to Manchester & **Capt. White** & I took a room together at **Mrs. Clark's** 21st June. There I staid till the 3rd of July during which time I improved none at all, as my cause of employment was very severe-doing more than I was able for our wounded soldiers in the different hospitals. I applied myself very diligently to the discharge of my duties in the different hospitals & all the time very unwell & debilitated. I saw a vast amount of suffering & the endurance of the soldiers was indeed amazing.

Capt. White and I took a room at **Mr. Branden's** the 3rd July & remained there till the 26th of the month—during that time I went to the hospitals almost every day & would go to the Regt. as often as possible at least on the Sabbath & as often as 3 times in the week. During this time the great battle was fought & a great victory gained & to God be the praise forever.

On the 26th of July I rejoined my Regiment at Camp Anderson some 7 miles from Richmond where we staid for 3 weeks & where our men suffered from sickness. **Lewis Glen** died near that camp in a private house after a week or two sickness. From there we moved out on the Darby Town road at Camp Carolina a much better place with good water—On the 2nd day of Aug. Here we had better health in the camp, though our sick was at the brigade hospital. I visited the sick several times during our stay there. Some died with hope—

On Aug 14th we left Richmond for the onward march. We took the cars at the Central Depot & came to Gordonsville with **Gen. Jenkins** brigade. We then marched to McMinville & camped near Goodman's & I took a room there for a day or two. So- like all camp life our stay was short duration as we left there early Sabbath (Aug 17) for a long march. At Gordonsville I left the regiment & took the cars for Orange C.H. with **Gen. Stuart** & Staff. There I took the plank road & went 3 miles afoot to the road in which they were to pass. I waited at a house I got dinner & afterwards I met the Regt. just below the house.

Aug 18th we remained in the woods all day preparing 3 days rations which came up late in the forenoon. We were ordered to man at 7 o'clock but after the brigade was called out we were notified not to leave till 3 o'clock next morning.

We left at the appointed hour (Aug 19) I traveled briskly all the forenoon in near of **Kemper's Brigade** & crossed the Rapidan River at Rackoon(sic) Ford about 10 o'clock A.M. There I was in advance of the Regt. I availed more than one hour-taking an ablution of the body and I felt better. So on we traveled after the brigade wagons & every now & then we would call a halt until my patience was worn threadbare. Perhaps I was too restless to see the Yankee & committed sin in wanting them slaughtered by the thousands but they have committed so many depredations upon our people. That is hard not to desire their destruction. But on we went in pursuit of the enemy who had retreated or was withdrawing their pickets. We passed through some beautiful country after crossing the Rapidan & traveled about 8 miles & spent the night.

Aug 21st Thursday- we started on & I spent an hour with **Bro. Jefferson**. On we went & called a halt 3 miles from Rappahannock River. **Bro. McDowell** & I rode on in advance & went up to a house & then I saw for the first time a cavalry battle. The enemy attacked the 11th Va. In ambush but the distance was so great I could not see the result. We then rode back to our Regt. & on the way 2 shells passed immediately over our heads & one burst in 20 yard of us. But thank God it was sent in vain. No one hurt. After reaching the Regt. the shells fell all around us & I took my horse way back to the rear, but before I got back they were ordered back on another road. During my absence several shells fell close to me & my life was endangered. We left "Cow" Ford road & turned up the river to cross at another bridge. We reached the other point Monday at 2 o'clock & a bombardment commenced by cannon & musketry & continued till night, but the passage was still not cleared. So we staid all night close to the river & shells fell very close to us in camp

Tuesday 26th We left camp & made a short days march but traveled till 1 o'clock at night. We crossed the Rappahannock at Waterloo near an old mill & camped just on the other side of the river. Nothing transpired during the day worth nothing. We had a pleasant day for marching Aug 27th. We left camp soon & made a very hard march in the forenoon which caused a great many stragglers. We went on to Salem reaching that point at dark & then marched some until midnight which broke us all down.

Aug 28th This day we drew rations & remained at our camp untill late in the afternoon. An engagement took place at the Manassas Gap but night ended the contest & then the enemy left blockading the road. We started through the gap but the roar of the cannon ahead indicated a struggle would be made for the passage. We went on & at dark we got to the foot of the gap & there lay all night. I slept with **A A James** at the hilltop- quite cold.

Friday Aug 29th We left the gap & found the enemy had evacuated it, so we passed on & that too in hot pursuit of the retreating foe. We passed Gainsville (VA) about 12 oclock & soon after called a halt. Long before at Hayville we heard the booming of cannon & was ordered up to the scene of the conflict which place we reached about 2 oclock. Our brigade was not engaged until late in the afternoon when **Glover's Regt.** lost 15 in killed & wounded. The cannonading was terrific till 4 oclock & the musketry began & never ceased till night ended the conflict. At every point our men drove the Yankees back with great slaughter takin' 4 batteries during the afternoon & night. We slept upon the field & the Yankees retreated some mile & a half. Thus night came on & many poor fellow had passed into Eternity to meet his God with all his sins upon his head. Oh that God would overrule in his Providence the evil passions of both ourselves & that of the enemy so this war might be brought to a close.

Editor's Note: This hand-written diary gives the reader a quick view of the day in and day out of the War and covers about a year.

The fighting began
again ceased till
night ended the conflict
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sides & that of the enemy
so that this war might be
brought to a close.

Saturday Aug 30th This
morning was spent in
trying to find the enemy
position & locate his
batteries, our troops still
holding their position
where they had on the
previous day & night.
Back in the afternoon
a terrific bombardment
began about 2 o'clock
in the same place as
on the previous day.
That conflict continued
untill dark such a
continued roar of mus-
ketry I never heard
before. Our troops took
several batteries during
the engagement & drove
the enemy from the field.
The battle ending just
when Bee Station fell on

Dr. Pearson, the author of the diary, was for twenty-five years pastor of the Old Greenville Church, near Donalds, SC. During the latter years of his ministerial life he would occasionally drive over to Cokesbury in Greenwood County not too far away to preach in the pulpit of the Cokesbury Presbyterian Church. His experiences in the War Between the States, his bout with Typhoid Fever, his efforts to comfort the troops and make a difference in the foot soldier's life, were collected in this simple but stirring narrative. In this sample page from the diary, his concern over his fellowman was shown after a day on the battlefield.

"Thus night came on many a poor fellow had passed into eternity to meet his God with all his sins upon his head. Oh that God would overrule in his Providence the evil passions of both ourselves & that of the enemy, so that this war might be brought to a close."



Seeking Information About These CONFEDERATE Soldiers

Of Anderson District, South Carolina



CORPORAL CHRISTOPHER L. REID

Co. B (Palmetto Riflemen)
4th S. C. Volunteers

He also served in Co. C,
Palmetto Sharpshooters

Elijah B. Bowen (b. ca 1836 - d. 1863) served as a private in Co. D, Gist Rifles, C.S.A. On April 25, 1862, when the unit was re-organized, he was elected third lieutenant. He was promoted to first lieutenant September 21, 1862. He died early in 1863. Before the war, this soldier was a tailor in Williamston, S. C.

David Sloan Maxwell was transferred from Company B to Company E in the 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) in 1861. Later, he was transferred to a cavalry unit. He survived the Civil War, after which he returned to Anderson District, S.C.

Joseph B. Moore joined for duty and enrolled in Co. J, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) on 14 Apr 1861. He was promoted to 6th corporal between 30 Jun and 31 Aug 1861.

Richard D. Acker served in Co. D, Gist Rifles. His brother, Elihu Halbert Acker, also served in the Confederate States Army. They were residents of Williamston, SC.

William Anderson (1832-1862) was a captain in Co. J, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), C.S.A. His wife was Rachel Lucretia McFall (2nd) (1841-1919), daughter of John McFall Jr. (1799-1864) and Elizabeth (Todd) McFall (1805-1879). This soldier was promoted to the rank of major during the Civil War. He was killed near Frayser's Farm, VA, on July 4, 1862. He was survived by his wife and two children, a son and a daughter. His widow later married Baile Barton Breseale, and the couple became the parents of five other children.

J. P. Rogers (1822-1864) enlisted in Co. D, Gist Rifles at Williamston, S. C., on 1 Apr 1864. He was 41 years of age at enlistment. From 20 Jul to 11 Aug 1864, he was at Jackson Hospital, suffering from spinal problems. He obtained a sick furlough from the army and died of disease at his home on 2 Sep 1864. This Confederate soldier was buried at Hopewell Baptist Church in Anderson District, South Carolina.

William C. Roberts served as a private in Co. K, 12th South Carolina Infantry, C.S.A.

J. P. Tucker was a member of Co. F, 24th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), CSA. He served to the rank of second lieutenant and resigned in October 1862.

Jermiah Nalley joined for duty and enrolled in Co. D, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), C.S.A. at Anderson, S. C., on 14 Apr 1861.

V. W. Herron died of disease in Sep 1863. He served in Co. F, 24th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), C.S.A.

E. M. Hembree was a private in Co. K, 2nd S. C. Rifles (Moore's Regiment). He died of disease at Adams Run, SC.

William Henry Fielding joined for duty and enrolled as a third corporal in Co. D, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) at Anderson, S. C., on 14 Apr 1861. He was promoted to second corporal between 31 Oct and 31 Dec 1861.

Please help to preserve a record of the life and service of your ancestor or relative who fought in the Civil War. If you have additional information about any of these Confederate soldiers, please write to: Charles H. Busha, Ph.D., 112 Summit Drive, Liberty, SC 29657.

Francis Marion Holland joined for duty and enrolled as a private in Co. 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) at Anderson, S. C., on 14 Apr 1861.

Henry H. Hamilton (1845-1880) enlisted as a private in Co. D, Gist Rifles when he was sixteen years of age. He was wounded in Virginia during the Battle of Seven Pines on 31 May 1862. In about September of 1862, he was discharged from the army as a minor, but the following year he enlisted in Co. K, 2nd S. C. Cavalry.

Thomas Newell (d. 1862) was a private in Co. F, 24th S. C. Volunteers, and he died of disease in the spring of 1862.

James H. Mullikin enlisted in Co. B (Palmetto Riflemen), 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.). He enlisted 14 Apr 1861, at Anderson, S. C.

Wesley Winfield Byrd (d. 1861) died of disease in a hospital at Orange County Court House, Virginia on 17 Oct 1861. He served as a private in Co. D, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.).

The Charleston Mercury Extra.

Saturday Evening, April 14, 1861.

THE BATTLE OF FORT SUMTER!

END OF THE FIGHT!

MAJOR ANDERSON SURRENDERS!

CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS OF ANDERSON DISTRICT, S. C. (continued)

A. L. Hutchins was a private in Co. K, 2nd S. C. Rifles (Moore's Regt.). He was discharged from the Confederate States Army 16 July 1862.

J. O. Long was mortally wounded in battle at Jackson, Mississippi, 14 May 1863; Co. F, 24th S.C. Inf.

H. Perry Smith served in Co. K, 2nd S.C. Rifles (Moore's Regiment); transferred to Co. C of the same regiment during the Civil War.

Samuel Thompson Wyatt served in Co. D, 4th S.C. Volunteers (Inf.); enlisted 14 April 1861; mustered into Confederate service at Columbia, SC, 7 June 1861.

Rufus Yeargan was a private in Co. F, 24th S.C. Volunteers (Inf.); he was captured by Union troops at Shipp's Gap, Georgia, in October 1864.

Robert Young died in 1864 after he was wounded in battle at Jackson, Mississippi, in May 1863; served in Co. F, 24th S.C. Volunteers.

Max Wilzinski of Anderson District, SC, joined the Confederate States Army 14 April 1861; discharged from the army sometime during the Civil War.

B. T. Smith enlisted as a private in Co. D, 4th S. C. Volunteers on Oct. 20, 1861; reported on his unit's muster roll of Dec. 31, 1861, as in general hospital.

Anderson Ancil Smith was a son of John Anderson "Jack" Smith (1797-1873). and Rhoda C. (Smith) Smith; he served in Co. C, 22nd S. C. Regiment; captured by Union troops on April 3, 1865, and died at Point Lookout Prison in Maryland.

Matthew Osborn Snipes enrolled as a private in Co. C, 4th S. C. Volunteers at Anderson, S.C., on April 14 1861; mustered into Confederate service on June 7, 1861.

L. J. Simpson (1841-1921) served in the Confederate States Army; he was buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery in Anderson, S. C.

John E. Sadler (1839-1877) was the husband of Mary P. Sadler (1840-1921). They were buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery in Anderson.

David K. Breazeale enrolled as a private in Co. J, 4th S. C. Volunteers at Anderson, S. C. on 14 April 1861. He was promoted to fifth corporal between 30 June and 31 August 1861.

Alfred Elrod served as a private in Co. C, 1st S. C. State Troops.

Isaac M. Elrod (1829-1862) was a son of Adam Elrod (b. 1 Dec 1798) and Sarah Owen "Sallie" (Moore) Elrod (b. 17 August 1804). He died during the Civil War.

John Alexander Jolly (1831-1862) was a brother of Manson Sherrill Jolly (1841-1869), the "unreconstructed rebel" who was known as Manse Joll. The Confederate soldier was killed during the Civil War.

J. W. Jones served in Co. B, 4th S.C. Volunteers; transferred to another command during the war (15th Georg Regiment).

Madison L. Kennedy (1831-1878) served in the C.S.A. He was buried at Anderson First Presbyterian Church Anderson, S. C.

G. D. Keown was a member of Co. B, 4th S.C. Volunteers and was killed in battle during the Civil War.

John Earle Lewis (1844-1928) served in Co. E, 4th S. C. Volunteers. He enlisted at Anderson, S. C., on April 14, 1861. He also served in Co. B, Battalion of State Cadets (Citadel), and after the war was a farmer in the Seneca area of Oconee County, South Carolina.

Richard Carter Ligon (d. Sept. 26, 1900) was a resident of the Iva community

George L. Schrimpf

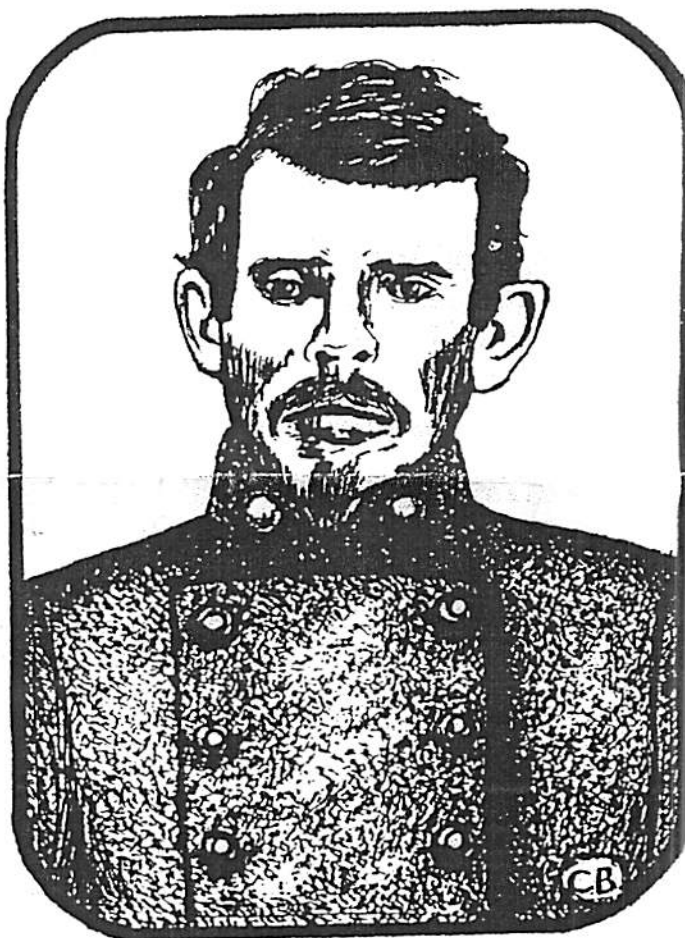
Company B (Palmetto Riflemen),
4th South Carolina Volunteers (Infantry), C.S.A., and
Company C, Palmetto Sharpshooters, C.S.A.

George Schrimpf was born in Maryland in 1840, the son of Prussian immigrants. According to oral tradition, George's father died when his son was very young, and his mother remarried. The stepfather then placed George in an apprenticeship with a blacksmith---an occupation that did not appeal to the rather frail twelve-year-old boy. Thus George ran away from his home in Maryland and eventually made his way to Anderson District, South Carolina.

After the Civil War broke out in 1861, the young man enlisted in the Palmetto Rifleman in Anderson, South Carolina. That unit entered service of the Confederate States Army in April of 1861 and was designated Company B, 4th South Carolina Volunteers. At the expiration of his one-year enlistment, George re-enlisted in Company C of the select Palmetto Sharpshooters, which was commanded by Colonel Micah Jenkins, who was a native of Edisto Island, South Carolina, and who was later killed during the Wilderness Campaign in Virginia.

Private George Schrimpf was wounded several times during the war, but the most serious wound occurred on August 30, 1862, when a ball entered his back and lodged in his body. This Confederate soldier was then given a furlough in October of 1862, but he was back on duty in March of 1863 and served in the Confederate States Army until the Civil War ended, still carrying the ball in his body.

After the war, George Schrimpf went to work farming for a former officer of the Confederate States Army, Lt. Col. T. L. Mattison of Anderson. While plowing one day in May, 1867, George felt the ball in his body drop in his abdomen and soon began to suffer great discomfort. He visited the medical doctor and begged him to remove the ball. Reluctantly, Dr. Alexander Evins agreed to operate, and he found the ball in the



George L. Schrimpf (1840-1923)

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE

Confederate veteran's bladder. The ball was removed and then sent to Washington, D. C., where it was the subject of a case study in the field of medicine. Doctors theorized that the ball had rested between the walls of George Schrimpf's bladder all those years until finally working its way through the lining. Today, the ball that was removed from George's body remains in the Armed Forces Medical Museum in Washington, D. C.

George Schrimpf married and had eight children---four sons and four daughters. He continued to live and to farm in Anderson County until his death in 1923 at the age of eighty-three years. His grandson, James Crowther presently resides on land that once belonged to George Schrimpf.

James W. Sherard (1828-1910) was a sergeant in Company F, 24th South Carolina Infantry, and he was wounded in battle on May 14, 1863, at Jackson, Mississippi.

Archibald P. Shirley enrolled as a private in Co. J, 4th South Carolina Volunteers on April 14, 1861.

James D. Simpson was born about 1844, and he died in 1926. He served in the Confederate States Army and was buried at Cross Roads Church in Anderson County, South Carolina.

John S. Smith (1841-1884) was buried at Anderson First Presbyterian Ch., Anderson, S. C. His wife was Susan L. (Shirley) Smith (1850-1922).

John White Thomson (1843-1924) served from Anderson District, S. C., in the Confederate States Army. His wife was Elvera (Redlund) Thomson.

Thomas Jefferson Smith joined Co. D, 4th South Carolina Volunteers at Anderson, S. C., on April 14, 1861.

A. Sloan Stephens (1831-1897) was buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery, Anderson, S. C. His wife was Mary (Chandler) Stephens (1833-1916).

William L. Sutherland served in Co. E, 20th South Carolina Volunteers. He attended the August, 1914 reunion of the company at Neals Creek Church in Anderson County, South Carolina.

Harrison Tucker (1821-1902) was the husband of Mary A. (Watson) Tucker. They were buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery, Anderson, South Carolina.

Samuel Dickson served as a private in Co. C, 1st South Carolina State Troops during the Civil War.

George Bennett was a resident of Williamston, S. C., and he was killed in action during the war.

Thomas Prue Benson (1835-1880) was a captain in Co. B, Palmetto Sharpshooters, C.S.A. He survived the war and was paroled at Appomattox Court House, Virginia. His wife was Sarah J. L. Benson.

Samuel Evans Poore (1835-1891) was a private in Co. D, Hampton Legion. He enlisted at Williamston, S. C., on April 6, 1863, and he was a son of Hugh Clements Poore and Annie (Holland) Poore.

Ephriam Fretwell Power was born March 8, 1825, and he died January 29, 1903. He was a Confederate veteran and was buried in Old Silverbrook Cemetery, Anderson, S. C.

Larkin McDuff Rogers (1809-1864) was a member of Co. C, 1st South Carolina State Troops. His wife was Susan Cynthia (Smith) Rogers, who, after her husband's death, became the second wife of John Jefferson Poore (1831-1896), who was a sergeant in Co. K, 1st S. C. Rifles (Orr's).

Joseph L. Brock (1834-1904) resided Belton (Anderson Co.), S. C. He served as a private in Co. D, 1st S. C. Rifles and was wounded in action at the First Battle of Bull Run. He was discharged on a surgeon's certificate because of his wounds. Later, he re-enlisted in the C.S.A.

CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS OF ANDERSON DISTRICT, S. C. (continued)

Benjamin F. Dickson (1814-1900) was a captain in the C.S.A. His wife was Matilda Jane (Gantt) Dickson (1827-1896).

William H. Johnson of Anderson Dist. served in Co. K, 2nd S. C. Rifles (Moore's Regiment), C.S.A. He died of disease during the Civil War on 30 Sep 1864.

David Lafayette Hall joined for duty and was enrolled at Anderson, S. C. on 14 Apr 1861; he was mustered into Confederate service at Columbia, S.C., on 7 Jun 1861. He served in Co. C, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) and was promoted from second to first lieutenant on 6 Oct 1861.

William A. Hammond served in Co. B (Palmetto Riflemen), 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.) and was transferred to another command during the Civil War. He enlisted at Columbia, S. C., on 24 Apr 1861, and was mustered into Confederate service on 7 Jun 1861. This soldier was a resident of Anderson District, South Carolina.

James Wesley Hale (d. 1861) died in a hospital at Culpeper, Virginia, on 27 Oct 1861. He served as a private in Co. C, 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), C.S.A.

J. H. Sadler (d. 1863) was a member of Co. F, 24th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.). He served first as a corporal and was later promoted to sergeant. He was killed in battle at Jackson, Mississippi, on 14 May 1863.

John R. O. Satterfield (1841-1926) was originally a private in Co. E (Bozeman Guards), Hampton Legion, C.S.A. He was wounded in the knee at Antietam on 17 Sep 1862, and wounded in his right leg at Wauhatchie on 28 Oct 1863. Captured by Union troops at Nine Mile Road on 27 Oct 1864, this soldier was sent to Point Lookout Prison in Maryland and was paroled in June 1865, after the Civil War came to a close. He was described in official records as being five feet, 5 inches tall.

Whitaker A. Hackett (b. ca 1835 - d. ca 1907) resided in the Six and Twenty section of Anderson Dist. He enlisted in Co. D, Gist Rifles on 13 Sep 1864 at the age of 29. He survived the Civil War and was paroled mounted in 1865.

Mayberry Snipes was a Confederate soldier in Company I, 2nd S. C. Rifles (Moore's Regiment) during the Civil War.

Andrew Franklin Martin of Anderson District, S. C., enlisted in Co. 37th Battalion Virginia Cavalry, C.S.A. on 15 Apr 1862 at Richmond Virginia. At the time of his enlistment, Martin was 22 years of age. Previously, he had served to the rank of 4th corporal in Co. D 4th S. C. Volunteers (Inf.), which was disbanded in Virginia after its one-year period of service came to an end. This soldier's wife was Rebecca P. (Bryant) Martin (b. 22 Apr 1862 - d. 20 Sep 1936) who was buried in Liberty, S. C., in Liberty City Cemetery.

James Baylis Burriss (1840-1924) served in 24th S.C. Volunteers (Inf.); wife: Martha A. Burriss (1842-1879).

William Richard Rice was captured by Union troops 16 Oct 1864 and died of smallpox while in prison; served in Co. F, 24th S.C. Volunteer (Inf.), C.S.A.

William H. Young died in spring of 1864 while serving in Co. F, 24th S.C. Volunteers (Inf.), C.S.A.

John R. Simpson (1850-1926) was a member of Co. E, 9th S.C. Reserves; buried at Generostee ARP Church at Iva (Anderson County), SC.

Jonathan Richard Simpson was born about 1835; joined Fort Hill Guards at Pendleton, SC, 2 June 1861; served as private in Co. K, 4th S.C. Volunteers (Inf.); on 15 April 1862, enlisted in Co. B, 37th Battalion Virginia Cavalry at age of twenty years.

BY THE WAY.....

An Research Room order came to the Society from the Mid-Continent Public Library, 15616 East Highway 24, Independence, Missouri. Their website is www.mcpl.lib.mo.us. Their genealogy collection was started in 1928 and has continued to grow ever since. This library was named one of the top ten public libraries for genealogists in 2002 *Family Tree Magazine*. The library staff can assist groups or individuals. The genealogy staff will do limited research for individuals who send postal or email inquiries. The library charges for photocopies and not research time, but they gladly accept donations if the staff finds your family. Their mailing address is 3440 S. Lee's Summit Road, Independence, MO 64055

Have you visited The Civil War Roundtable?

If you haven't visited findagrave.com lately, you might find a long lost relative's grave listed or maybe even a photo of the stone. You can join the site for free and make memorials to your kin by including their names or dates. Uploading pictures of the stones can be accomplished easily.

Old Ninety Six District Chapter, South Carolina Genealogical Society,
P.O. Box 3468 Greenwood, SC 29648-3468
Announces Publication of

Volume III
Greenwood County, SC
Cemetery Records \$35.00

313 pgs. Fully indexed, bound hardback in red cloth with gold lettering
This completes the series of Church, family, and public cemetery data in
Greenwood County. A few copies of Volume I (27.50) and Volume II
(32.50) Special: all three volumes \$75.00 if ordered at same time.
Postage: \$5.00 for 1 book; add \$1.00 for each additional copy ordered.

Anderson County Chapter SCGS
P.O. Box 74
Anderson, SC 29622-0074



Officers of Anderson County Chapter

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